THE JOURNAL

Have been conveniently located at the following drug stores in the various sections of ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE TELEPHONED Direct to this office at regular rates.

5 CENTS PER LINE OF SEVEN WORDS. -STATIONS .-

Alabama and 7th Sts.-S. Muhl. ellefontaine St., No. 400-Claude Fields. Christian Ave., No. 197-F. F. Dannettelle. Clifford Ave., No. 324-Philip Miller. College Ave. and 7th St.-Geo. C. Fisher. Columbia Ave. and 7th St.-Geo. C. Ruch. Columbia and Hill Aves,-R. C. Hampton, Delaware and McCarty-H. A. Pfaffin Dillon and Fletcher Ave.-Hugo H. Lehrritter. East and McCarty Sts .- E. C. Reick. Ft. Wayne Ave., No. 196—Thos. R. Thornburg. Hillside Ave., No. 19—H. W. Carter. Illinois and 1st Sts.—S. Muhl. Illinois and 13th Sts.—S. Muhl. lineis and 7th Sts .- J. M. Scott. Illinois and 22d Sts.-Frank Keegan. Illinois and North Sts.-R. M. Navin. Indiana Ave. and Vermont St.-R. P. Blodau. Indiana Ave., No. 201-John D. Gauld. Indison Ave., No. 427-Jos. M. Dwyer. Iass. and Cornell Aves.-C. E. Barmm. Mass. Ave., No. 301-L. E. Haag. Mer. and Morris Sts.-C. H. Broich. Mer. and Ray Sts.-John E. Myers. Mer. and Russell Ave.-Geo. F. Borst. Mich., No. 1059 East-Van Arsdale Bros. New York and Noble Sts.-E. H. Enners. New York, No. 378 West-F. E. Wolcott. Pine, No. 201 South-A. L. Walker. Senate Ave. and 3d St.—A. M. Eyster. Senate Ave., No. 1053 North—E. E. Steward. Shelby St., No. 182—C. A. Eitel. Talbott Ave., No. 350—M. Schwartz. Virginia Ave. and Coburn-C. G. Mueller. Virginia Ave. and McCarty-M. C. Staley. Wash, St. and State Ave. N. S. Driggs. Wash, St., No. 703 East-Baron Bros. West St., No. 103 North-C. W. Eichrodt.

Yandes and 9th Sts.-Dixon.

KANTROWITZ-Harrold, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Kantrowitz, 819 North Meridian street. Funeral will be held March 24 at 3 p. m.

> FLANNER & BUCHANAN-172 North Illinois street. Lady embalmer, for ladies and children. Office always

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

open. Telephone 641. Hacks at lowest prevailing price. SOCIETY MEETINGS.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE. Thirty-second Annual Convocation Continuation of Programme. COUNCIL JERUSALEM.

15th and 16th deg. . This day, March 24, at 1:30 p. m. Charles L. Hutchinson, 33d, M. E. Sov. P. Gr. William S. Rich, 32d, Val. Gr. Master of Cere-Banquet this afternoon, at 5 o'clock. INDIANAPOLIS CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX,

This evening, March 24, at 7 o'clock.

Byron K. Elliott, 33d, M. W. and P. Master.

Jacob W. Smith, 33d, R. and P. K. Master of INDIANA CONSISTORY S. P. R. S., 19th to 32d deg. Commencing to-morrow at 10 a. m., March 25, and continuing at 2 p. m. and 7 p. m. Jacob W. Smith. 33d. Iil. Commander-in-Chief.

John T. Brush, 23d, Grand Master of Ceremonies. FOR SALE. FOR SALE-Bargains in shop-worn, new and -handswheels at C. G. FISHER & CO.'S. 64 North Pennsylvania street. FOR SALE-Hardware store; situated in Central Illinois, on L. C. R. R.; will sell for 70 cents on dollar of invoice for cash, one-half

down, balance on time. W. A. RUSSELL, Lud-FOR RENT. FOR RENT-Business Properties 66 East Washington street, 22x195.

136 South Meridian street, 45x195. 40 South Meridian street, 18x120. 24 West Ohio street, 20x60. 65 East Ohio street, 70x60. C. F. SAYLES, 77½ East Murket. FINANCIAL.

LOANS-Money on mortgages. C. F. SAYLES,

75 East Market street. LOANS-Mortgage; lowest rates, NEWTON TODD, 6 Ingalls block. LOANS-Sums of \$500 and over. C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street. MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Lowest

with partial payments. Address C. N WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville, Ind. LOANS-Any amount, On furniture, planos, store fixtures, etc. Reasonable rates. (Confidential.) E. J. GAUSEPOHL, 24 W. Wash. St., Room 4. MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Lowest market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & C., Rooms 225-229, third floor Lemcke Building, Indianapolis.

WANTED-MALE HELP. WANTED-An idea. Who can think of some

simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WED-DENBURN & CO., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer and new list of 1,000 inventions wanted. WANTED-SALESMAN.

WANTED-Salesmen for cigars; good salary and expenses paid; novelties given with our goods; unnecessary. C. C. BISHOP COMexperience unnece PANY, St. Louis. WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

stone crusher, grader and 4 T. road roller, or to let contract for crushing pike. Address CHARLES G. WILLS & CO., Lebanon, Ind. STOLEN.

STOLEN-Bicycle; olive green; new Kokomo tire on rear wheel; license where name plate belongs. Reward. EARHART, 1612 East Wash-

CLAIRVOYANT-The true herald of merit is deeds; do not be deceived, but call on Mrs. T. Griswald. Office and residence 296 East South street. Letters with stamps answered.

FOR SALE-BICYCLES.

FOR SALE-Bicycles-Ladies' and gents' secondhand (good) wheels, \$20, \$25, \$30; 1896 pattern. WILLIAM VANDERPOOL, 23 South Meridian

STORAGE. STORAGE-Indianapolis Warehouse Co., 265-273 S. Penn. st., Pennsylvania tracks. Phone 1343.

The board of trustees of the Central Indiana Hospital for the Insane will receive sealed proposals up to Friday, March 26, at 10 a. m., for urnishing a full line of supplies for the month of April. Requisition book will be on file at Room 45 Statehouse from and after Monday, March 22, 1897. By order of board of trustees. PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF AND MUT-TON.-Office of Chief Commissary, Chicago, Ill., March 16, 1897. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, accompanied by written guarantees (in duolicate) straed by two responsible persons, will be received here until 12 o'clock m., April 20, 807, and then opened publicly, for furnishing and delivery of such quantities of fresh beef and mutton as may be required by the Subsistence Department at Fort Brady, Mich., Jefferson Barracks, Me., Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Post near Little Rock, Ark., Fort Reno, Okla., Riley, Kan., Fort Sheridan, Ill., Fort Sill, Okla., Fort Wayne, Mich., and Indianapolis Arsenal, Ind. and Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., during six months mencing July 1, 1897. Proposals received up to and opened at same hour at the several posts by commissaries of such posts, each post commissary receiving proposals for his own post only. Fresh beef shall be good in quality and condition, fit for immediate use, and from fore and hind quarter meats propor-tionally, including all best cuts thereof. Fresh mutton shall be of good, fat and marketable quality, from wethers over one and under three years old. Beef and mutton to be dressed and rimmed and delivered as prescribed in circular of instructions. Proposals will be also reliver fresh beet or mutton of character above stated, and to be delivered of temperature not greater than fifty degrees Fahrenheit. Full in-Commissary at any post. Government reserves right to reject in whole or in part any or all proposals. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Fresh Beef and Mutton, and addressed to undersigned or Commis-sary at post bid for. W. A. Elderkin, Lt. Col., A. C. G. S.

NOTICE.

THE INDIANAPOLIS & NORTHEAST-

ERN RAILBOAD COMPANY. The annual meeting of stockholders of the In diamapons & Northeastern Rathroad Company will be held at the principal office of the comday, April 29, 1807, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The transfer books will be closed April 19 and remain closed until after the meeting. By order of the board of directors, SAMUEL SHORTRIDGE, Secretary. Indianapotis, Ind., March 24, 1897

Modern Extravagance.

Chicago Tribune "I shall need \$5 to-day, James," said Mrs. Upstrike.
That has been about your average per day for the last month," replied Mr. Upstrike, handing it out reluctantly, "And I want to call your attention to the circumstance. Belinda, that it is just five times

THE OPINION OF THE SUPREME COURT A DISAPPOINTMENT.

The Monon Makes a Quick Run-The Big Four Makes Unique Contract with a Theatrical Party.

The announcement in yesterday's Journal that the United States Supreme Court had handed down a decision to the effect that the pooling agreements between railroads were illegal was received with disappointment by the conservative freight officials who believe in carrying business at a rate that leaves some margin to the railroad company above actual cost of hauling. One general freight agent asked: "How can these wild-cat roads be held in line without some agreement in the nature of a pool? Had the United States Suroads in the hands of receivers should not reduce rates to such a point as to force solvent roads to do business at less than actual cost of hauling, it would have been a decision of some value to the railways. I suppose that now the Joint Traffic Association will be declared an illegal organization, and matters will drift back to the former demoralized condition, where netther the roads, the shippers nor the stockget a lower rate than his neighbor, and for the roads or dividends for stockholders. While the associations which the United States Supreme Court has decided illegal had some weak points, they had tended to equalize rates and better satisfied a majority of the shippers than had been the case for many years."

The expressions of a majority of the freight men concerning the decision was much in the same tenor. Even freight officials who have been credited with being weak kneed in the maintenance of rates expressed the opinion that it was unfortunate for the roads that the decision had been against pooling agreements.

Dishonorable Business.

The Pennsylvania has discovered that a number of councilmen of Philadelphia have been engaged in securing passes and sell- Western trip, regards the railway outlook department of the road has the matter in such shape that if prosecutions are made conviction would be certain. One of the Philadelphia papers says: "Tremendous pressure is being exerted to save the speculating councilmen. All day long politicians and other agents were visiting the railroad officials, begging them to let the matter drop. Detectives have been keeping close tab on councilmen, and it has been learned of the councilmen was photographed in the act of handing over a pass to a detective and another picture shows him receiving the money for the pass. Detective Benjamin Franklin admits the general charge to be well founded. He says he had had occasion to follow up a number of newspaper advertisements, which stated that cheap transportation could be had for some points in western Pennsylvania, and in many instances traced the ticket or pass to some ward politician who had received it gratis."

Railway Pools May Dissolve. The impression prevailed very generally among railroad officials in Chicago yesterday that the Supreme Court's decision in the Transmissouri Freight Association would be followed by the speedy dissolution of all the traffic associations. In face of that decision it is plain that none of them can be legally maintained. A large number of roads, members of nearly all the associations, are now in the hands of receivers and under the administration of the subordinate courts. It is clear that they cannot be allowed to retain such illegal membership and their withdrawal will, of itself, bring about the dissolution of the associations. Their competitors, it hought, cannot afford to surround themselves with restrictions to which they are not subject even if they cared to openly defy the law, which it is not believed many

of them will do. The Anti-Scalping Bill. Strenuous efforts are to be made by the railroads to get the anti-scalpers' bill through at the present special session of Congress. The intention had been to allow it to go over till the next regular session, but the decision of the Supreme Court in the Transmissouri Freight Association case has caused a change of plans in this respect. Without any enforceable agreements in regard to the maintenance of rates and with the scalpers carrying on their business uninterfered with, it is feared that wholesale demoralization will ensue. The only way to check it is to have a bill passed taking from the scalper the right to do business. Notwithstanding Senator Cullom's decision to do nothing at the present ession this new phase of the question will

take up the bill and push it to an early Passenger Rates Demoralized. by the manipulation of which rates in all directions have been cut. The chairman of the Western Passenger Association has made an investigation of the situation, and he has found it so bad that he has called a special meeting of the interested lines to be held in Chicago to-day, to consider it, Furthermore, he has announced his intention, should that meeting not take steps to put things to rights, to order an open reduction in tariff rates to the amount of the cuts that have been made so as to put

be put before him and he will be pressed to

all lines upon a perfect equality. E. & R. Railroad Sold.

Sheriff Leming, of Daviess county, yesterday sold the Evansville & Richmond Railroad for \$1,413,712.80. It was bid in by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, of New York, and George P. Heilman, for the first mortgage bondholders. The bid was made with the bonds involved, which are estimated to be worth about 5 cents on the

Personal, Local and General Notes. Paul Morton, vice president of the Santa Fe, has returned from Europe. The Empire line has resumed taking ex-

port freight via Baltimore in limited quan-The Ohio Falls car works has received an order to build two hundred cars for the Denver, Rio Grande & Santa Fe Railway. The general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio, with the approval of the receivers, has asked for bids for the erection of a

large elevator at Chicago. F. I. Martin, who represents the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, is in the city. He says local manufacturers are furnishing a good deal of business for that road. It is stated that R. T. McKeever, super-

intendent, is to be elected president of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville, succeed-ing James Shanahan, deceased. W. S. Morrison, who has been appointed traveling passenger agent of the Erie lines, with headquarters at Huntington, Ind., is a brother of Wm. H. Morrison, of this city. W. N. Cott, treasurer of the Columbus & Hocking Valley, is in a serious condition

on account of a severe affection of the leart. He was attacked quite suddenly on E. P. Wilbur, president of the Lehigh Valley road, this week started on an extended Western trip, expecting to visit the extreme West and Southwest before he returns, a month hence,

The first locomotive run on the Chicago & West Michigan has been rebuilt and fitted up with an inspection cab in front. and hereafter officials of the road will use it in making their inspection trips. Engine No. 354 has just come out of the Peoria & Eastern shops, at Urbana, re-built in a manner which General Manager

Barnard says would be creditable to the

best locomotive works in the country.

The Panhandle has added to its train schedule two fast through freights between Columbus and Logansport daily, one each way. The distance is 197 miles, and the freight crews will change at Bradford. A new coal company has been organized which includes all coal dealers along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio, and will practically control the coal trade at every important town and city on the main line.

POOLING DECISION to Central Freight Association territor to Central Freight Association territory The Interstate-commerce Commission has decided that the posting in a station of a notice that freight rates are on file in the office and may be examined upon application does not constitute compliance with

> The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton ha been granted permission to make a special rate to members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, who will hold their annual meeting in Detroit May 15 to 21.

Engine No. 110, a large passenger engine has just come out of the shops at Lafayette rebullt, and has been put in service, hauling the fast express trains between Indianapolis and Chicago, and is making a great

been elected chairman of rules and regulations of the Central Freight Association, one of the most important committees of the Knickerbocker Express east, one from

to be the best paying cars the Wagner Company is running. George A. Hart, commercial agent of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville at Chipreme Court handed down a decision that Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern as assistant general freight agent, with headquarters at Louisville. S. I. Gates, general agent of the Big Four

taking effect of the summer time table the passenger service on the Louisville division will be much improved. tract for the construction of a handsome building at Lima, O., to be occupied as a passenger station and offices. The buildholders were benefited. One shipper would of the most modern style of architecture. G. W. Gallenger is to be secretary to D. rates were cut so that there was no margin | T. McCabe when he takes the position of general freight agent of the Pennsylvania ies west of Pittsburg on April 1. Mr.

> Gross earnings of the Baltimore & Ohio uary were \$472.492, against \$489,816 for the same month last year, a decrease of \$17,-324; net earnings were \$113,060, against \$120,-

teen years, commencing as a messenger

olis & Louisville, last Saturday made the run from Chicago to Indianapolis in three a regular train, it consisting of five Pullman build vestibule cars. Oscar Murray, receiver of the Baltimore

& Ohio, who has just been on an extended

ing them to outsiders, and the passenger for 1897 as exceedingly bright, and still seems confident that the Joint Traffic Association will withstand all attacks and grow stronger with each year. The immense increase of exports from the Untied States to Mexico has brought about car famine on the Mexican Central, 2,500 loaded cars of shipments to interior points are in waiting, and the Santa Fe has loaned several of its locomotives to the

Mexican Central to help out. of late to Southern markets, the better times having increased the demand. that since Jan. 1 members of Council have for some years has the Louisville division sold \$1,100 worth of passes. A number of | of the Pennsylvania lines been hauling councilmen offered to sell at reduced rates | South so large quantities of provisions from passes to Pittsburg and other points. One | Chicago and Indianapolis as at present.

The health of E. F. Fuller, for many years division freight agent of the Pennsylvania lines at Cincinnati, is such that he would like to retire from that position, but the company is loath to accept his resignation. Should it be accepted it is stated that George W. Davis, division freight agent at Richmond, would go to Cincinnati. General Manager Waldo, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, and the attor-

ney of the road were in Lima on Monday and closed a contract with the city officials for the rebuilding of the shops destroyed by fire. The citizens raised the \$33,000 bonus required by subscription, but a proposition to issue bonds to that amount by the city was carried, and the subscriptions, so far as paid, will be returned to subscribers. Western railway officials have been informed by the Department of Agriculture that the provisions of the law requiring that meats for export must be inspected are again in force. They were suspended Aug. 28, 1895. Now all bills of lading of shipments to European ports must bear the certificate of the government department, not be required on export beef to other than European countries.

The Eel River and Wabash suit, which has been in the courts for many years, came up at Kokomo on Monday Judge Mount, of Howard county, and the court held that, under the verdict of the jury, Cass county had jurisdiction and he entered judgment accordingly. The Logansport Pharos says: "This puts the case down for trial on its merits, and everybody knows what the result will be-that the pretended lease will be declared void and the Eel River Railroad must be operated from Logansport to Butler by the Eel River as it was chartered to do. It is presumable that the attorneys for the Wabash and Eel River roads must have anticipated the adverse decision by Judge Mount or they would not have attempted to have a law passed by the late Legislature legalizing and authorizing such lease, but in this attempt they were baffled by Winfield & Dykeman and Wilson and Taber, who spent three weeks at Indianapolis to defeat the

On no road in the country are the passenger officials more confident that their trains will make schedule time than on the Big Four lines, as is evidenced in the unique contract noted below, made by the general passenger agent of those lines; "According to an agreement made with the New York Star Vaudeville Company, one of Gus Hill's interests, the Big Four was to carry the company and its baggage from Louisville, Ky., to Cleveland in a Passenger rates are badly demoralized at stipulated time or forfeit the cost of trans-Kansas City. Large blocks of tickets have portation. General Passenger and Ticket Agent D. B. Martin was not certain that defense in any preliminary motion filed. the contract could be carried out, and he cinnati warm until told that the trip had been a success. The theatrical company was carried from Jeffersonville, Ind., to Anderson on a special train, where connections were made with No. 36, arriving in Cleveland at 12:55 o'clock. The company left Louisville after a performance Sunday night. The Big Four agreed to place the company in the Star Theater, bag and baggage, at 1:30 o'clock."

The Mystery of Gilgal. The darkest, strangest mystery ever read, or heern, or see,

Is 'long of a drink at Taggart's Hall-Tom Taggart of Gilgal I've heern the tale a thousand ways. But never could git through the maze That hangs around that queer day's doin's,

But I'll tell the yarn to youans.

Tom Taggart stood behind his bar, The time was fall, the skies was fa'r, The neighbors round the counter drawed, And ca'mly drinked and jawed. And at last come Colonel Blood of Pike,

And old Jedge Phinn, permiscus-like, And each, as he meandered in, Remarked, "A whisky-skin." Tom mixed the beverage full and fa'r. And slammed it, smoking, on the bar,

Some says three fingers, some says two-I'll leave the choice to you. Phinn to the drink put forth his hand; Blood drawed his knife, with accent bland,

"I ax yer parding, Mister Phinn-Jest drap that whisky-skin." No man high-toneder could be found Than old Jedge Phinn the country round. Says he, "Young man, the tribe of Phinns Knows their own whisky-skins.'

He went for his 'leven-inch bowie knife-"I tries to foller a Christian life. But I'll drap a slice of liver or two, My bloomin' shrub, with you."

They carved in a way that all admired, Tell Blood drawed iron at last and fired. It took Seth Bludso 'twixt the eyes, Which caused him great surprise. Then coats went off, and all went in: Shots and bad language swelled the din; The short, sharp bark of Derringers,

Like bull pups, cheered the furse, They piled the stiffs outside the door; They made, I reckon, a cord or more. Girls went that winter, as a rule, Alone to spellin' school.

I've searched in vain from Dan to Beer-Sheba to make this mystery clear; But I end with hit as I did begin-Who got the whisky-skin? -John Hay's "Pike County Ballads."

Sidewalk Obstruction Cases.

John D. and D. D. Brosnan were acguitted in Police Court yesterday of the charge of obstructing the sidewalks in front of their dry goods store. It was shown that it was not a box that stood on the sidewalk over Sunday, but some shelving, and on this technicality they were acquitted. Judge Cox intimated that good cases could be made against merchants who carelessly left boxes and crates on the sidewalks long enough to constitute an obstruction.

Too Tired to Sleep.

Take Horsford's Actd Phosphate.

DOES NOT CONCERN HIM

THEREFORE JUDGE CHAMBERS DIS-MISSES CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS.

Messrs. Wiltsie, Payne and Royse Discharged from the Rule-The Court's Peculiar Decision.

Special Judge Smiley N. Chambers yester-David Brown, general freight agent of day sustained the motion to quash the the Grand Trunk's American lines, has, information on which the contempt proceedings against Prosecuting Attorney Charles S. Wiltsie, Gavin L. Payne and Walter A. Royse of the Journal, was based, but based The two Wagner sleeping cars hauled on his ruling on a point that was not before Louis, the other from Indianapolis to the court. The record shows that the de-New York over the Big Four, are said fendants entered special appearances and that they took exception to the right of the special judge to hear the cause, on | ment to be filed. account of the alleged illegality of his apcago, on April 1, will take service with the | pointment. The entering of a special appearance brings the defendants before the court only on the question involved in the motion to quash on account of lack of juat Louisville, was in the city yesterday. He | risdiction. is much elated over the fact that with the Judge Chambers sustained the motion to

quash, the entire point of which motion was that he had no jurisdiction, as special The Dayton & Northern has let the con- judge, and in the next breath held that be had jurisdiction to pass upon a change of venue in the Ludwig case as speing will be two stories high, tile-roofed and | cial | judge. In sustaining the motion to quash, for want of jurisdiction as special judge, he ordered the discharge and setting aside of the rule to show cause and released each of the defendants-Ballenger has been with the company four- | Messrs. Wiltsie, Payne and Royse. The attorneys for the defendants smiled at the peculiarity of the decision. It seemed to Southwestern road for the month of Jan- the attorneys that if he had jurisdiction as special judge in the Ludwig case, even only to the extent of venuing the case, he cer-055 for the same month last year, a decrease | tainly had jurisdiction to try an alleged contempt case growing out of the fixing of Train No. 33, on the Chicago, Indianap- the bond by him in the Ludwig case. His ruling was directly on the proposition by hours and fifty-nine minutes, the quickest | the defense that he had no jurisdiction. This time ever made between the two cities by question, indeed, was the only one raised. The defense had filed no preliminary motion questioning the efficiency of the affidavit and information, as the judge anticlpated in his decision which released the derendants.

Judge Chambers said, in his ruling, that he was satisfied that he had jurisdiction. He made a ruling that covers the point in both the contempt cases and the Ludwig cases, in which he said: "The question has been raised as to the power of this court to pass upon the motion for a change of venue, also to sit as special judge in the Ludwig cases and to try contempt proceedings which were brought before this court. If the question raised was simply in regard to the power of the court to appoint a special judge with- | ters. out a motion having been filed asking for a change of venue, the court would not hesitate in deciding that the appointment was perfectly legal. In the 57th Indiana, Page 554, the Supreme Court holds that it is not necessary that a motion asking for a change of venue be filed. It is discretionary with the court, and if the court feels that for any reason he is not qualified to | Maryland street. He was to have been detry the cause he has the right to appoint a special judge." In the case cited by Judge Chambers to

sustain his position (the 57th Ind.) the counsel for one of the parties to the cause sugbecause he had been counsel in case involving the same questions which he would called to pass upon as judge in the cause then before him, and the party objected to him presiding. This was a civil cause. No such objection as this was raised in the Ludwig case, Judge McCray sitting in the cause. In fact, Judge McCray, of his own motion, absented himself from the bench over the exceptions of both the State and the defense. How this case in 57th diana applied to the cause before Judge Chambers was not apparent. Judge Chambers continued:

"The court also holds that his appointment as special judge was not limited to Until otherwise ordered certificates will the one cause before this court. It is well known by the reading people of this State that the regular judge of this court heard the evidence in a former trial of this defendant, and upon that evidence discharged the defendant. For this the court was severely, extensively and unjustly criticised by the press of this city. This was sufficient justification for the appointment of a special judge, and I hold it greatly to his credit that he declined to serve further in the cases. This court, satisfied that it has jurisdiction in these cases, will receive the motion for a change of venue out of the county and will pass upon it at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Judge McCray never stated any such jus incation as this cited by Judge Chambers, There was no intimation by Judge McCray, either in open court or as shown by his ap pointment of record, that any such justification was contemplated by him. He declined to sit because of "pressing personal engagements.'

In further ruling on the contempt cases Judge Chambers said that if the question before the court depended wholly on the question of his jurisdiction he would overrule the motion to quash. The attorneys claim that there was no question before the court except jurisdiction. The judge then went on to say that inasmuch as the alleged contempt was wholly directed toward the regular judge of the court (Mc-Cray), he felt it was a case for the regular judge to consider and he would, therefore sustain the motion to quash and let whatever proceedings there might be come before Judge McCray. This point was at no time raised by the

The only ground on which they asked him there and exchange orders have been sold kept the wires between Cleveland and Cin- to quash was that he had no jurisdiction as special judge. Prosecutor Wiltsie took exceptions to the rulings of the court. He said that the ap-pointment of Smiley N. Chambers was without any warrant of law and conferred no jurisdiction upon him as a judge, and that Knight; divorce. Room 1 itigants in any criminal cause could not create a court. He objected, for that reason, to allowing Judge Chambers to pass on the application for a change of venue. The State also objected on the ground that since the appointment of Smiley N Chambers the court had appointed John C

Ruckselshaus as 'judge pro tem., and that the latter appointment superseded the first one. On March 22 the regular acting judge McCray, took the bench. In the afternoon Judge Chambers sustained the motion for a change of venue in the Ludwig case and sent it to Hendricks county for trial. The State again excepted, but without avail. Henry Spaan will help defend Ludwig.

M'CRAY AGAIN APPEARS. He and Other Witnesses Before Bar

Association Committee. Judge McCray, of the Criminal Court was on the stand at last night's meeting of the judiciary committee of the bar association, which has been assigned the duty of investigating the charges against him. Before he was called Police Captain Quig-

ley, Robert Smith, Hiram Plummer and William Robertson were examined. The committee has gone very fully into the case, admitting all sorts of hearsay evidence that could be heard of, both for and against Judge McCray. All this evidence had been digested and classified as relating to different cases and he was asked about each of these in turn. He had an explanation for each one and sometimes showed that specific charges were untrue. He then took up various newspaper articles that have been published about different cases. His testimony was not finished when the committee adjourned. It will hold one and possibly two more meetings before making up its report, as Judge McCray desires to introduce some further testimony besides his own. The committee expects to be able to report its findings to the bar association at its April meeting. If it finds ground for complaint of serious irregularities and the association sustains them, the committee will probably be instructed to lay the charges before the grand jury and thus begin impeachment proceedings under the new law.

A CLEVELAND CASE.

An Editor Summarily Yanked Before a Court.

Indianapolis is not unique in having conare the defendants, as there is now a case pending in Cleveland, O., in which Louis F. Post, an editorial writer, was summarily yanked before Judge Lamson, of the Common Pleas Court, who issued a bench warrant for his arrest without the formality of an information or affidavit being filed, according to press accounts. Judge Lamson, of age, followed the wrestlers in the usual it seems, proceeded upon the theory that three-round contest with gloves. Then The weariness from brain work and ner- inasmuch as the paper containing the ar- came the colored giant, Kennedy, and Anstance. Belinda, that it is just five times as many bones as Eve cost Adam in her will be held in this city to-day to adjust whole career."

A special meeting of the lines interested your excitement is the most enervating ticle was sold in the courthouse it came kennedy is a big, black-skinned negro, within the personal knowledge of the court, standing about six feet four inches high.

just as much as an act that had been committed in the courtroom in his presence In defending the case Judge E. J. Blandin, one of the most prominent and popular attorneys of the Cleveland bar, struck a snag when he made a remark that Judge Lamson regarded as contemptuous. The attorney pluckily refused to withdraw it, however, braving the court's anger and the danger of a fine and perhaps imprisonment. When the court was about to hear argument in the case Judge Blandin said that he wished to argue as to the court's juris-

tempt of court in law. The last point, the court replied, he did not care to have discussed, as it was "prejudged before the writ in the case was issued. "Then I would respectfully suggest this matter be referred to a judge who has not said the attorney.

diction and upon the point as to whether

the matter complained of constituted con-

prejudged it and who will hear it fairly, It was those last words to which the court objected and which he insisted should be withdrawn, without avail. They were not withdrawn. The court refused to allow the aged attorney to continue the argument. After the court adjourned attorneys crowded around Judge Blandin and congratulated him for the firm stand he had taken. Sentence was suspended in the Post case to allow a motion in arrest of judg-

GOINS'S HEAVY SENTENCE. While Drunk, He Used a Razor with

Effect. In Police Court yesterday morning Charles Goins was fined \$200 and costs and sentenced to 180 days in the workhouse for assaulting his brother, Samuel Goins, Sunday. Charles Goins got drunk and used his razor with telling effect upon several people. His brother was slashed across the elbow, receiving a wound which may render the left arm useless. Fred Krug and his wife Mary, were in court to answer to charges of assault and battery upon each other and disturbing the peace. The husband was fined \$5 and costs

in each of the two cases and was given a ten-day workhouse sentence for the assault. The woman was fined \$5 and costs for of the evening and the audience shouted disturbing the peace. Both went to the workhouse Link Rounds, a colored man who cut William Crosby in the neck with a razor Saturday night, waived preliminary examination on the charge of assault with intent

to kill and his case was sent to the grand A Water Carrier's Damage Suit. On Nov. 18, 1895, James B. Williams, a water carrier employed by the Brown-Ketcham iron works in the construction of Ketcham iron works in the construction of wrestling bout, between Bob Ford, the grees in the central Mississippi valley and the Lemcke building, fell from the seventh "Maywood Kid," and William Sleth, of the in the Ohio valley, where occasional rains story of the building and died a few hours later. Yesterday his sister, Kate Williams, as administratrix of his estate, filed suit for \$10,000 damages. It is alleged that Williams was raised on a farm and knew nothing of work in a city until the September previous to his death, when he came to this city in search of work. He was nineteen years of age. He was employed by the Brown-Ketcham iron works, and, while carrying water on the seventh floor of the Lemcke building, he stepped on a board that was placed for the use of workmen. It slipped and allowed him to fall to the ground below. Ten thousand dollars damages is demanded by his brother and sis-

Wanted a "H-l of a Trial." Joseph Griffin was on trial in the Criminal Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny. He is accused of stealing clothing the boarding house at 78 and 80 West fended by Pauper Attorney Spahr, but a receive 70 cents each. It was when there Church, went to Spahr and said he had known Griffin in the past, and asked to gested the impropriety of the judge sitting | defend him. Mr. Spahr says he told him that he wanted to make it a "h-l of a trial.'

THE COURT RECORD.

Superior Court. Room 2-Lawson M. Harvey, Judge. Joseph D. Roberts vs. John J. Baker; on contract. Dismissed and costs paid. Martha H. Bushong vs. John J. Carriger; to quiet title. Finding for defendant; judgment against plaintift for costs. Mathias Haberer vs. Alice W. Wilson et

al.; damages. On trial by jury. Room 3-Vinson Carter, Judge, Alfred Jenkins et al. vs. the Jenkins Heating, Manufacturing and Lumber Company, Dismissed and costs paid. O. L. Webb & Co. vs. J. W. Buck; commission. On trial by jury.

Henry Clay Allen, Judge.

Circuit Court.

P. L. Chambers vs. George F. Branham's estate. Claim allowed by administrator in the sum of \$42.50 and costs against estate. Robert Johnson vs. Clara T. Weed et al. to quiet title. On trial by court; additional evidence heard. Criminal Court.

Frank McCray, Judge. The State of Indiana vs. Charles G. Ludwig; receiving stolen goods. The State field bill of exceptions; clerk ordered to make entry of record showing filing of date of March 16, 1896. The State of Indiana vs. Henry Victor. proprietor of Mozart Hall; for violation of Section 4 of Nicholson law. Tried by court

finding of guilty; fined \$10 and costs. The State of Indiana vs. Joseph Griffin grand larceny. Tried by jury; jury out. Smiley N. Chambers, Special Judge. The State of Indiana vs. Charles G. Ludwig: receiving stolen goods; four indictments. Defendant's motion to quash indictments overruled; defendant arraigned and pleaded not guilty; motion for venue of the cases sustained; State granted ten days in which to file bill of exceptions. The State of Indiana vs. Charles S. Wiltsie et al.; contempt of court. Motion to quash information sustained; defendants Wiltsie,

Payne and Royse discharged. New Suits Filed. Kate Williams, administrator, vs. Brown-Ketcham iron works; damages, Room 3. Ellen Schafer vs. William Schafer; divorce. Room 3. Mona D. R. Knight vs. William H Frank Palmerton vs. Minnie Palmerton: divorce. Room 2. Jackson Coal and Mining Company vs William C. Rehling; on account. Room 2. Alanson Hill vs. David S. Hill et al.; to

quiet title Room 2. SPARRING AND BOXING. A Night with the Northeast Athletic

Club. The Northeast Athletic Club last night gave the first of a series of exhibitions, at its hall, corner of Hillside avenue and Seventeenth street. The exhibition consisted of sparring and wrestling. It was expected that Herb Hale and "Joe" Burns would go on the mat for an exhibition, but the two men presented themselves at the hall in such a condition that they were not allowed to appear. There was no disappointment manifested at the omission of this "number" on the programme. There was also another omission, in the event which was really the drawing card. Kennedy and Willis, two heavyweight colored pugilists, the former a local pugilist of some little fame and the latter a Chicago man, who, it is said, has put to sleep some good men in the Windy City, were billed for a ten-round sparring match "for points." It was expected that this would possibly prove to be something more than a tame sparring match if the men were allowed to conduct the match as they saw fit, for it is said there is bad blood between them and they are anxious to settle some differences. Willis did not appear on account of the illness of his wife. Kennedy was on hand, however, and gave a three round exhibition of himself with "Jim" Anderson, his sparring partner. On the whole, the exhibition was far above the average of such things. The wrestling was good. It was by far better than anything that has been seen in Indianapolis, not excepting the professional matches which have been had at the theaters. There was no chance or occasion for

conducted on their merits, the best man winning. The sparring matches were tame as such affairs usually are when a detail of police is on hand to prevent anything like a lively contest. Two eighteen-year-old boys in the lightweight class of wrestlers furnished the first entertainment for the 150 men and boys who gathered in the hall. They were Ira Fisher and Louis Ragiand. The boys were really clever wrestlers and worked hard for the empty honor of throwing each other They secured a fall each, Ragland getting the first in twenty-six minutes and Fisher the second in twelve minutes.

Chris Helbing and Will King, young mer

n the neighborhood of twenty-one years

the matches to be "fixed," and they were

He is raw-boned and looks every inch an athlete. He has a reach like a baboon, but does not exhibit the skill with his fists that he claims to possess. He stopped sparring when some small boys made uncomplimentary remarks about him and refused to continue until one of the clubmen threat ened to put the boys out unless they remained quiet. After the contest Charles Sorters offered to back Kennedy to the extent of \$100 against any man in Indianapolis for a ten-round fight or a fight to the finish. Will Arnold and Clarence Groves, a pair of fine-looking young men of middle weight. wrestled two bouts. Arnold is the lighter of the two and won both bouts, the first by a full Nelson hold in seven and a half minutes and the second by a hammerlock in one and a half minutes. This was another pretty match. Sparring matches of three rounds then followed by Elmer and Bert Corkins and others. Louis Ragland then wrestled two bouts with Harry Veters and the exhibition closed.

Bouts at West Indianapolis.

An athletic exhibition was given last night at Spencer's Opera House, in West Indianapolis, under the auspices of the Pastime Pleasure Club of that suburb. The house was well filled. The entertainment was opened with bag-punching by Henry and Louie Schupp, of Brightwood; "Kid" Wrade, of the city, and Carl Steeb, of West Indianapolis. Leo Troggutt and "Midget" Pfiester, both of West Indianapolis, next appeared in a three-round boxing bout, in which the referee declared the honors even. If per package, and is put up only by the Harry Steeb and "Bab" Hagerty, of West Pyramid Drug Co., Albion, Mich. Indianapolis, followed with a three-round bout. The Schupp brothers sparred three rounds for points and their contest was called a draw by the referee. Emil Steeb, of West Indianapolis, and Lon McClelland. of the city, were next matched in a threeround bout and gave a hotly contested exhibition. A severe blow on McClelland's nose drew the first and only blood of the evening, and this occurred at the end of the third round just as time was called Carl Steeb, of West Indianapolis, and "Kid" Wrade, of the city, sparred four rounds for points. It was the liveliest and hottest bout with enthusiasm. Honors were even. "Kid" Rush and "Kid" Cahill, of West Indianapolis, sparred three rounds with even honors. Tommy Alexander and Charles Miller, of the city, next engaged in a ten-minute bout without either getting a fall. "Jack" Shipley then gave an exhibition of heavyweight lifting and did a number of clever tricks with 100, 150 and 200-pound dumbbells, and concluded his performance by bridging with his arms and limbs and supporting five men on a platform, the combined weight amounting to about 800 pounds. The next | the Mississippi; it fell from 10 to 22 dewas the only finished event of the evening and resulted in Ford gaining a fall | Lake Michigan. after eleven minutes.

BICYCLE FILERS QUIT.

They Objected to a Cut at the Indiana Company Plant.

A number of filers employed at the Indiana bicycle works quit work yesterday merning rather than submit to a reduction of 20 cents on each diamond frame filed. A majority of them, it was said by a committee that went to the newspaper offices, had been working on frames of last year's pattern, for which they received 35 cents each. One man could file five or six a day. Last Saturday they were put at work on high-grade frames, which required much more time and care, and for which they short time ago Edward Thompson, who was | was a reduction on these frames from 70 formerly an evangelist for the Christian to 50 cents that the men quit work. They claimed that they could not file more than three frames a day and that out of the money they earned they were compelled to buy their own files. The men said that the manager, Mr. Steele, promised that the wages should be restored when times were better, but they felt the price was too low to continue even temporarily. It was given out at the factory that the men could make from \$2 to \$2.50 a day and that while about twenty-five men quit there were more than twice that many still at

work, with plenty of applications for the vacant places.

Scottish Rite Convocation. Yesterday afternoon the convocation of the thirty-second year of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, in the Valley of Indianapolis, began. About fifty members

will be added to the Rite at the present convocation Nicholas R. Ruckle, 33d degree, thrice potent grand master, presided yesterday when the degrees of Adoniram Grand Lodge of Perrection were conferred. The degrees of Saraiah Council, Princes of Jerusalem, will be conferred to-day, followed by a banquet at 5 o'clock, at which Charles L. Hutchinson will act as toastmaster. William L. Taylor will deliver the address of welcome. W. T. Durbin, James B. Harper, Thomas R. Marshall, John M. spond to toasts.

Bloss, Edward O'Rourke and others will re-To-morrow night Byron K. Elliott, 33d degree, will preside, when the degrees of the Chapter of the Rose Croix will be conferred. Jacob W. Smith, illustrious commander-in-chief, will preside on to-morrow, when the consistory degrees, concluding with the 23d degree-the Sublime Prince of the Royal Secret-will be conferred. There is to be a dinner at 6 o'clock to-morrow aft-

The Senator Gets Acquainted.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Governor Sadler: "Senator Ingalls, let me make you acquainted with Parson Da-Senator Ingalls: "Glad to know you, Parson. I hardly expected to meet any representatives of the cloth in this neighborhood, Parson Davies: "Cloth, eh? Say, dat's of a rag sure enough. Senator Ingalis (aside to Governor Sadler:) "With what church is our friend, the parson, connected? Governor Sadler: "Church? He, he, ha! What a joker you are. Professor Donaldson, I want you to meet Senator Ingalls." Senator Ingalis: "Glad to know you, professor. Always glad to meet professional men anywhere. What branch of science do you teach, professor?" Professor Donaldson: "Teaches 'em all, o' course. I ain't no specialist by a dum sight. They gits it straight from me from de ground up Senator Ingalls (aside to Governor Sadler:) "With what college is our friend, the professor, connected? Governor Sadler: "There you go again. Ha, ha, ha! Say, you ought to get over this joking habit-it'll soften your brain, sure. Here, let me introduce Professor Muldoon, and this is Professor Hickey, and Professor Delaney and Professor McAu-

Chorus of professors: "Glad to know you, old man. Senator Ingalls (cordially:) "Glad to know you, gentlemen. This is indeed a pleasant surprise. It's all so different from what they told me in the East. They said I soon as all the men who want office are would only meet a lot of bruisers and ig- supplied she can step up and take her pick norant trainers, and here I find myself sur- of the consulships that remain.

SIMPLE AT FIRST.

It Is Foolish to Neglect Any Form of Piles-Cure Them at the Beginning.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it-Pyramid

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound healthy condition. The cure is thorough and

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received: Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street.

Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years; the Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure. Major Dean, of Columbus, O., says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years, and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure have effectually cured me. Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is

ounded by professional gentlemen, parsons and college professors, and it gives me more pleasure than I can describe to you.' Chorus: "Ho, ho, what a jolly old guy! Let's go out an' licker!"

MARCH WEATHER TO-DAY. Colder, Cloudy, Windy, Occasional

Flurries of Snow and Sunshine. Forecasts for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 11 p. m., March 24-Colder; cloudy, windy weather and occasional flurries of snow in early morning, followed by fair weather during Wednesday.

General Conditions Yesterday-The storm area, increasing in size, continued to move southeastward, with its center over lova; high wind and gales are near its center. The temperature fell east and rose west of Snow feil in Iowa and near

FORECAST FOR THREE STATES WASHINGTON, March 23.-For Ohio-Showers in southern and probably snow in northern portion; clearing during the afternoon; cooler; north winds. For Indiana and Illinois—Snow in the early morning, followed by fair weather during the day; north winds; colder in southern portion of Indiana, and slightly

warmer in northern Illinois. Losal Observations Tuesday. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather. Prea. m. 29.76 41 80 N'east. Cloudy. p. m. 29.58 44 68 West. Fair. Maximum temperature, 53; minimum tem-Following is a comparative statement of

the temperature and precipitation March 23:

Normal 42 Mean Departure from normal Total departure since March 1.... *117 Total departure since Jan. 1..... *65 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS. Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures. Atlanta, Ga Bismarck, N. D..... Buffalo. N. Calgary, N. W. T * Cairo, Ill Cheyenne, Wyo Chicago, Ill Concordia, Kan 24 Davenport, Ia 3 Des Moines, Ia..... 32 Dodge City, Kan..... Galveston, Tex 5 Helena, Mont 26 Jacksonville, Fla 7 Kansas City, Mo..... 32 Little Rock, Ark..... 44 Minnedosa, Man*12 Marquette, Mich 30 Memphis, Tenn Moorhead, Minn Nashville, Tenn 5 New Orleans, 'a North Platte, Neb 1 Oklahoma, O. T..... Omaha, Neb Salt Lake City, Utah ... 2 Louis, Mo...... Springfield, Ill pringfield, Mo 34 Vicksburg. Miss Washington, D. C..... 58

*Indicates below zero. Snowstorm in Missouri.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 23 .- The snowstorm which started in this section last night continued until noon to-day, but the snow melted almost as fast as it fell. North of this city a fall of twelve inches is reported, which will last but a few days. The snow is now very wet and the weather warm. No damage to fruit is expected, Trains are running about on time.

Oversensitive.

Cleveland Plain Dealer. The Prince-Pleased to know you, Mr. Embassador Hay-Thanks, your highness, The Prince-I fancy we shall get on famously together. Embassador Hay-I trust so, your high-

The Prince-You strike me, Mr. Hay, as

a man who will prove himself punctillous

regarding the amenities of diplomatic eti-

quette. That's what I like. Some may say that there are trifling details. I don't agree with them. No, sir. Nothing offends me more than these little breaches Embassador Hay (aghast)-Your highness! The Prince-I say that nothing offends me more than these little breaches-Embassador Hay (shocked) - Oh, your highness The Prince-What in the dev-. I say that nothing offends me more than these little breaches of diplomatic courtesy.

your highness-of course-very proper, in-deed-it does you credit-indeed, it does.

Embassador Hay (relieved) - Certainly,

Comforting Assurance. Kansas City Journal. Mrs. Cora Reed, of Iowa, wants a consulship. Let Mrs. Cora be patient. As

WISE ADVICE TO HUSBANDS.

Do not wrangle and quarrel, and finally rush into the courts and try to get a separation from your faithful wife; but just stop a moment and think! Your wife, who was even-tempered and amiable, and all that was lovely when you married her, has changed. Now she is peevish, irritable, jeal-Yous, discontented and miserable-in a word, she has uterine

My advice to you is, sit down and write a letter to that friend of women, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., state fully and freely the

vise you what to do. Give your wife that chance, good r n! If you do not wish to write about your wife, bring her a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, watch its effects, you will soon see the beginning of the improvement; ' 1 get her another and

keep it up until st stored to you, the same lovely woman yo .rried years ago. Following we relate the circumstances of a case of this nature. Mrs. MELVA ROUTON, of Camby, Ind., says:

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and found it to be of great benefit to me. The doctors said I had womb trouble. I had the headache all the time, also a terrible backache, was nervous, cross and irritable. I looked so pale that people would ask me what was the matter. I suffered in this way for about four years, until one day about in despair my husband brought me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I commenced its use, and much to every one's surprise, it cured me. It has completely changed my disposition for the better also. Several of my neighbors, knowing what the Pinkham medicine has done for me, are taking it, and are much pleased with the result."

whole case to her and she will honestly ad-

Those Who Have Ailing Wives Will do Well to Accept It.

disorder of some kind. Law is not the remedy for this condition, she needs medical treatment, her uterine system is at fault.